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- Bi-MOS Technology With TTL and CMOS Compatibility
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI EIA/TIA-232-E and ITU Recommendation V.28
- Very Low Quiescent Current . . . 95 μA Typ
  V<sub>CC±</sub> = ±12 V
- Current-Limited Outputs . . . 10 mA Typ
- CMOS-and TTL-Compatible Inputs
- On-Chip Slew Rate Limited to 30 V/µs max
- Flexible Supply Voltage Range
- Characterized at V<sub>CC±</sub> of ±4.5 V and ±15 V
- Functionally Interchangeable With Texas Instruments SN75188, Motorola MC1488, and National Semiconductor DS14C88

#### description

The SN75C188 is a monolithic, low-power, quadruple line driver that interfaces data terminal equipment with data communications equipment. This device is designed to conform to ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-232-E.

An external diode in series with each supply-voltage terminal is needed to protect the SN75C188 under certain fault conditions to comply with EIA/TIA-232-E.

The SN75C188 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

#### **Function Tables**

DRIVER 1				
В	Y			
Н	L			
L	Н			

	-	
Α	В	Y
Н	Н	L
L	х	Н
Х	L	Н

DRIVERS 2-4

H = high level, L = low level, X = don't care

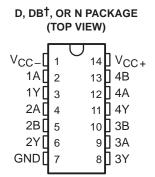


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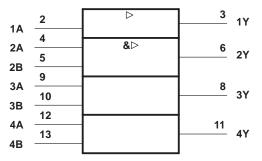
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<sup>†</sup> The DB package is only available left-end taped and reeled, i.e., order device SN75C188DBLE.

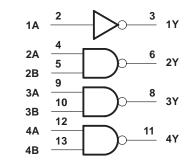
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### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



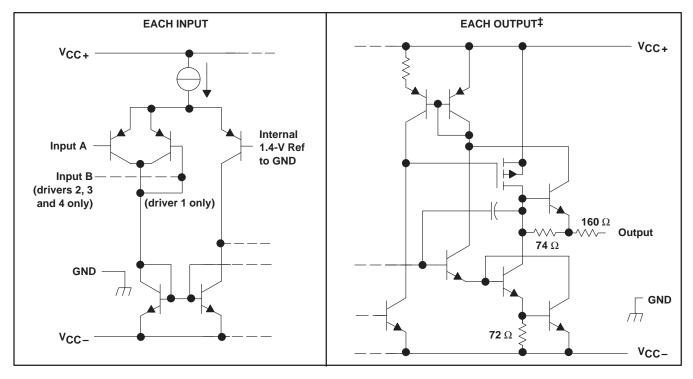
<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



positive logic

 $Y = \overline{A} (driver 1)$ Y = AB or A + B (drivers 2 through 4)



schematics of inputs and outputs

‡ All resistor values shown are nominal.



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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)	15 V
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub>	$\dots$ V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>CC+</sub>
Output voltage range, VO	$\dots$ V <sub>CC</sub> $_{-6}$ V to V <sub>CC</sub> $_{+}$ +6 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to the network ground terminal.

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING		
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW
DB	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW
Ν	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW

## recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub>	4.5	12	15	V
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> _	-4.5	-12	-15	V
Input voltage, VI	V <sub>CC</sub> -+2		V <sub>CC+</sub>	V
High-level Input voltage, VIH	2			V
Low-level Input voltage, VIL			0.8	V
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	0		70	°C



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# electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC+} = 12 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -12 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER TEST COL			TEST CONDI	TIONS	MIN	түр†	MAX	UNIT
Veri	High-level output voltage	V <sub>II</sub> = 0.8 V,	$P_{1} = 2 k \Omega$	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CC</sub> -=-5 V	4			V
VOH	i iigii-ievei output voitage	v <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 v,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC-</sub> = -12 V	10			V
VOL	Low-level output voltage (see Note 2)	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CC-</sub> = -5 V			-4	v
				V <sub>CC+</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC</sub> - = -12 V			-10	
Ι <sub>ΙΗ</sub>	High-level input current	V <sub>1</sub> = 5 V					10	μA
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0					-10	μA
IOS(H)	High-level short-circuit output current <sup>‡</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 0.8 V,	$V_{\rm O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{\rm CC-}$			-10	-19.5	mA
IOS(L)	Low-level short-circuit output current <sup>‡</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 2 V,	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC+}$			10	19.5	mA
٢O	Output resistance, power off	$V_{CC+} = 0,$	$V_{CC} = 0,$	$V_I = -2 V \text{ to } 2 V$	300			Ω
100	Supply ourront from Var	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 5 V, No load	$V_{CC-} = -5 V,$	All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V		90	160	
ICC+	Supply current from V <sub>CC +</sub>	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 12 V, No load	$V_{CC-} = -12 V,$	All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V		95	160	μA
ICC-	Supply current from $V_{CC-}$	V <sub>CC+</sub> = 5 V, No load	$V_{CC-} = -5 V,$	All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V		-90	-160	
		V <sub>CC+</sub> = 12 V, No load	V <sub>CC</sub> -=-12	All inputs at 2 V or 0.8 V		-95	-160	μA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

<sup>‡</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

NOTE 2: The algebraic convention, in which the more positive (less negative) limit is designated as maximum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only; e.g., if -4 V is a maximum, the typical value is a more negative voltage.

## switching characteristics, V<sub>CC+</sub> = 12 V, V<sub>CC-</sub> = –12 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output§	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ ,	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF,			3	μs
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output§	See Figure 1				3.5	μs
<sup>t</sup> TLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output $\P$			0.53		3.2	μs
<sup>t</sup> THL	Transition time, high- to low-level output $\P$			0.53		3.2	μs
<sup>t</sup> TLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output#	$R_{L} = 3 k\Omega \text{ to } 7 k\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 2500 pF,		1.5		μs
<sup>t</sup> THL	Transition time, high- to low-level output#	See Figure 1			1.5		μs
SR	Output slew rate§	$R_L = 3 k\Omega \text{ to } 7 k\Omega$ ,	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	6	15	30	V/µs

§ Measured at the 50% level

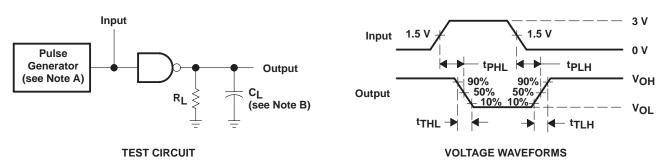
 $\P$  Measured between the 10% and 90% points on the output waveform

# Measured between the 3-V and -3-V points on the output waveform (EIA/TIA-232-E conditions), all unused inputs tied either high or low



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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $t_W = 25 \ \mu s$ , PRR = 20 kHZ,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_f = t_f \le 50 \ ns$ . B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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15

12

9

6 3

0

-3

-6

-9

-12

-15

15

10

5

0

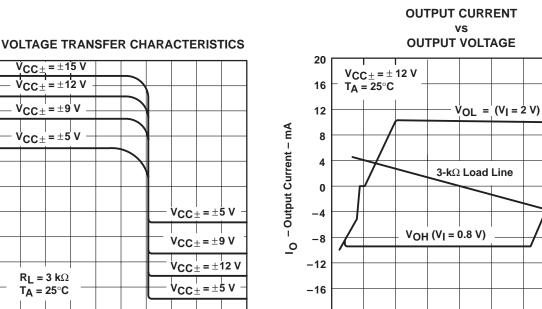
-5

-10

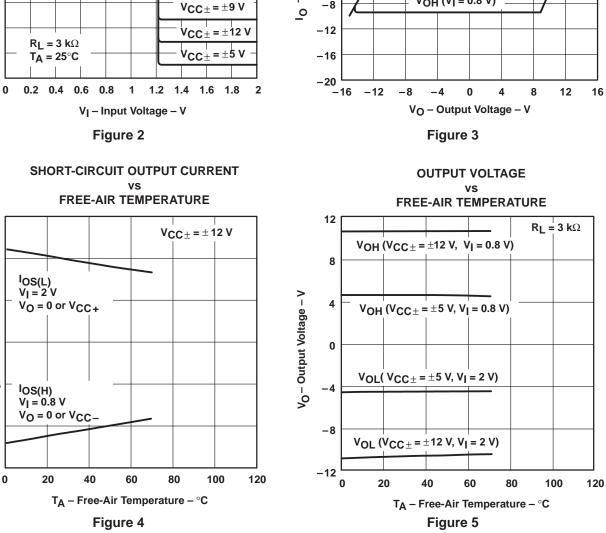
-15

IOS – Short-Circuit Output Current – mA

V<sub>O</sub> - Output Voltage - V



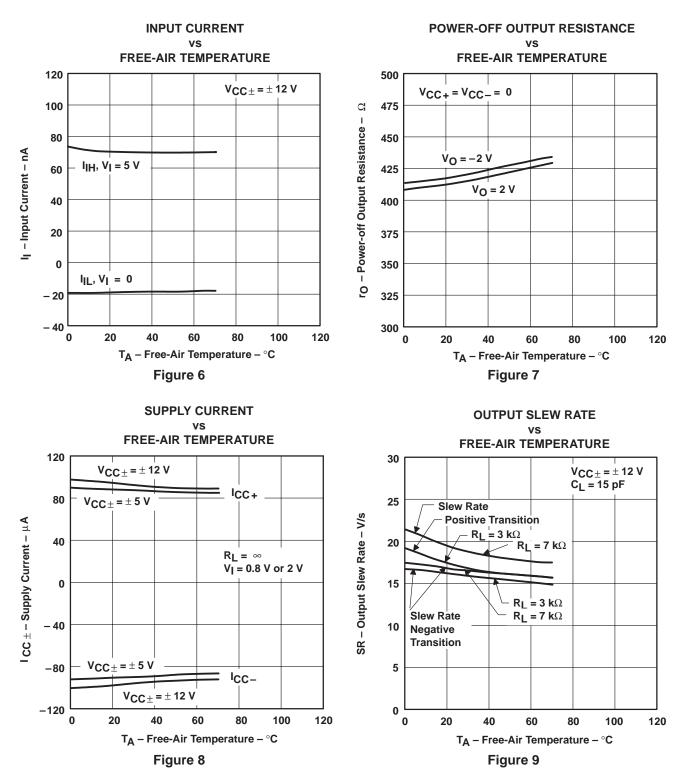




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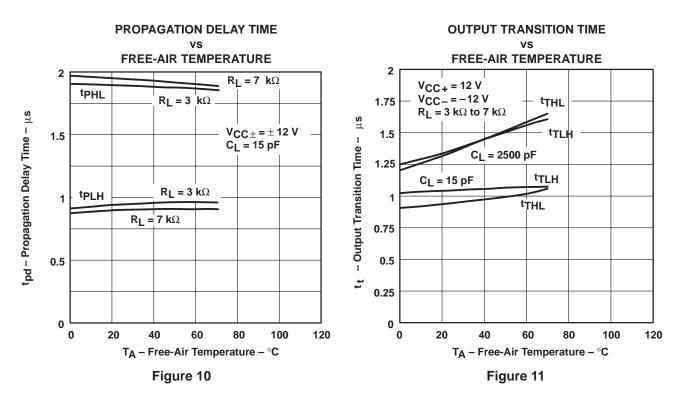
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## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 

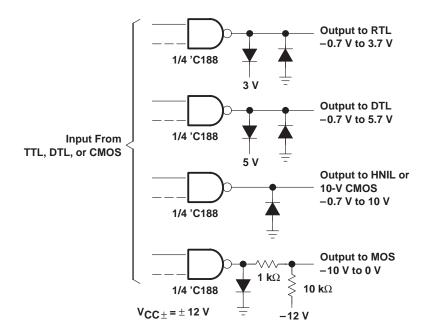
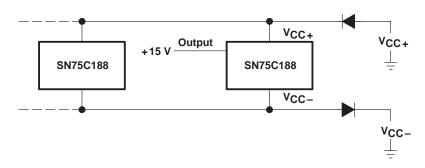


Figure 12. Logic Translator Applications



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**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 



NOTE A: External diodes placed in series with the V<sub>CC+</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub>-leads protect the SN75C188 in the fault condition where the device outputs are shorted to  $\pm$ 15 V and the power supplies are at low voltage and provide low-impedance paths to GND.

Figure 13. Power Supply Protection to Meet Power-Off Fault Conditions of Standard EIA/TIA-232-E



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